



I-Be Area, 2007

Ryan Trecartin makes as. Over-whelming, intricate, mesmerising films filled with deranged worlds, hysterical characters and a let of make-up. Films that make you lose your grip on reality and, as Hollywood star and Trecartin fan James Franco discovers, films that might glimpse the future...



K-CorealNC.K (section a), 2009



Sibling Topics (section a), 2009

Spring 2005. Artist Sue de Beer is doing her visiting lecturer rounds at Cleveland Institute of Art when a student shows her a five-minute video clip he's discovered on www. friendster.com. The film opens on a young girl called Lisa as she visits her demonic drag-clown friend hiding in a cupboard. It gets weirder. Lisa then opens a small box: inside, day-glo patterns disintegrate into neon spirals that morph to form a hundred micro-worlds before detonating into palm trees, floating anatomical figures and tropical flowers - or are those hearts? Skippy – a boy in a vest, badly gelled hair and black teeth - stares in a bathroom mirror, turns from red to orange and back again, cuts up Polaroids, flushes the pieces down the toilet and starts carving himself up with an enormous kitchen knife while squealing, "Somewhere there is something worth dying for and I think it's amazing!" A smiley face swims by... De Beer is hooked.

With the help of her curator friend Rachel Greene, de Beer traces the film to a profile page belonging to Ryan Trecartin. They email him. 22-year-old Trecartin – a recent graduate in Video, Film and Animation from the Rhode Island School of Design – explains that the clip is from his 41-minute movie A Family Finds Entertainment, made in 2004 with his friends in their shared house in New Orleans. He sends Greene the full version, which she promptly shows to NYC gallerists.

Five years later and Trecartin is an award-winning global sensation working at the forefront of digital art and still posting his films online (www.youtube.com/user/Wian Treetin). He's just moved back to LA - after Hurricane Katrina, Trecartin and his troupe escaped to Ohio, LA, Philadelphia and Miami – and is searching for "a big, rundown space for cheap". He's putting the finishing touches to the US premiere of his Any Ever exhibition at the Museum of Contemporary Art in west Hollywood. And, today, he's "super excited" because James Franco who, having seen Trecartin's The Generational: Younger Than Jesus show last year, has been obsessed with his work ever since - is on the phone from Vancouver...

JAMES FRANCO: Did you make things as a kid?

RYAN TRECARTIN: When I was little I would always make costumes and sets with my friends and we would make situations but we would never document them.

JF: Were they like sketches?

RT: I don't know what they were. I wanted them to be movies but they were much more like games – we'd make a set and then it'd be like, 'These are the rules, this is the kind of scene it is and this is when two people maybe get into a fight.' It wasn't performed for anyone.

JF: What was inspiring you back then... movies, television and, I guess, the internet?

RT: It sounds cheesy but it was the way people responded to TV. I feel I was really affected by my babysitters, watching them get excited by some TV show and how it affected their lives and how it changed the way they talked and how it added to their language and those other forms of intelligence that exist, like body language and accents. It's funny how everyone now is used to performing and translating ideas and using all forms of language, not just words.

JF: The characters in your films wear some crazy make-up and wild clothes, and talk about themselves not as people but as ideas or companies... tell me where this concept of identity comes from?

RT: I think the internet - and all its interactive elements - has been latent inside of us, like it's a natural extension of who we are. I think we're slowly moving to a point where we will visually manifest at the speed of creative thought, where as we're saying an idea we are also changing our body and changing our scenery and all these different extensions of language. We could reach a point where personality defines you more than your gender, sexuality or career because nothing is fixed - it's all a choice. And so accents, how we present ourselves and locate ourselves in these different spaces becomes really important. All these different things come together with interactivity through technology. There is the potential to unlock new realities that are already inside us.

JF: Do you see this construction of self as a positive thing?

RT: I'm not commenting on it in my movies, I'm just presenting it – exploring it. You know, a lot of the time terrifying aspects of our culture are really a symptom of something very positive that may be happening underneath. I think amazing things sometimes just seem superficial and negative at first because we have to change our moral codes before we can appreciate them properly. I'm really excited about the point when we can liberate ourselves from becoming more human. It's kind of messed up, I know. (Laughs)

JF: Are your films scripted or is there some improvisation?

RT: It's all scripted but it's not very strict. Most of the scripts look like poems, I mean, there's no stage direction or any storyboarding or anything like that. I might have the phrases but I don't distinguish as to who is saying what - I figure it out as I go along. Because I work with a lot of untrained actors some of the most amazing parts of the movie aren't scripted, they just happen while we're shooting. Often when we have downtime on set people will stay in character - they're still in a kind of trance - and then a lot of amazing moments happen that aren't scripted because someone will say, 'Oh, I need to be drunk,' or 'I have to have a Red Bull to keep doing this,' and so then everything moves into this other reality where people are suddenly in real time and I don't turn off the camera. They start exercising their personal needs but through the structure that's slowly been glued to them during shooting; you know, it's really easy to not act like yourself if you don't look like yourself. Especially today when everyone is good at performing; everyone does it all the time. Irony and sincerity co-exist and people are really good at arranging intentions and speaking on multiple levels.

JF: One of the interesting things is that a lot of the material is done directly to camera...

RT: Yeah. I'm really interested in characters talking in first, second and third person at once, and also talking straight to the camera as themselves. That way, the audience is implicated. And as the performer doesn't know the full script there is this sort of openness to their face that's really interesting...

JF: So, you're saying a lot of the time the performers don't know the script even when you're shooting?

RT: Nobody working on the movie ever sees the script until afterwards. I really like that form of directing where I know the script but they only understand it as we're going along. They'll suddenly say, 'Oh, I didn't know this was what my character was about.' That process of them reviewing it slowly gets the performances I want.

JF: How do you cast your films?

RT: Well, up until my latest movies most have been friends, other artists and family members – and sometimes people I met on the internet. I met a lot of my friends on the internet. But recently I've started to bring in more actors and TV people.

JF: Did you contact them?

RT: Well, I was
in Miami when I
made this new
group of movies
called Re'Search
Wait'S and there's
the Orlando Disney
industry near there so
there's this one movie called

The Re'Search which features all Orlando-based actors. We did a traditional casting for that, so none of them were personal friends. It was really fun to direct the way I've grown to direct but with people who hadn't learnt to be directed like that. When someone is trained to act on TV they want to see the script and then when you don't let them it's really interesting. I think a lot of them had a hard time with it, but in a fun way.

JF: When you're working with actors who don't know the script, are you just reading them lines as you're going?

RT: It's like, 'Say this right now, and look this way and you're angry.' Then they're like, 'Why am I angry?' (Laughs) 'It doesn't matter! Then run over here and turn around'... it's about the physicality. It's kind of

like a weird in-between performing; between faking a different persona for reality TV and traditional acting.

JF: Your performances in the movies are very good, you do a lot of different characters and I think they're all really nuanced. Are these performances constructed during the editing process?

RT: It's crazy how much changes in editing. It definitely changes the performances and from there I often throw away my original intentions for a character because I realise it can be steered in a completely different direction. And then there are these moments when the camera is still on and someone gives someone else a dirty look or maybe has a nervous twitch and I realise

"The internet has been latent inside all of us – it's a natural extension of who we are"

can be used for that character's persona. But they're being filmed so fast and the movie is being cut so fast that a lot of the time you stop seeing the cuts and you don't realise that real footage and performed footage have been spliced together.

JF: I read an article where the writer said that some of the worlds you create left them feeling icky... what do you think about that?

RT: When people feel icky about the movies often it has to do with the fact that the characters are constantly embarrassing themselves (laughs). I mean, it's not like they're shocking, they're just not cool (laughs). I feel like people who have grown up with reality TV, which I guess are people born in the 90s, are much more comfortable with embarrassing themselves. You can

perform an identity and it doesn't have to actually be your identity. When you meet someone who is on a reality TV show, I feel like people know that the way they appear on TV isn't necessarily who they are. We're happy about that now and people are comfortable with having more faces of themselves that aren't exactly flattering. I think it is really positive when people are no longer so embarrassed by certain things because it makes you freer to have more interactions.

JF: How does audience reaction play into your subsequent work?

RT: The intention of every movie comes from the reactions of people watching the last one. A positive response makes me want

to make another film. If it's negative then that inspires me to challenge

what I was doing. I'm glad that both happen. I feel like I make this stuff for people so I think about the audience the entire time. The whole point for me is to share it.

JF: Your films can be seen in parts on YouTube or in their entirety in gallery spaces... how do these two options change the experience?

RT: Well, different

aspects of content come out when you watch them in different kinds of exhibition spaces. If you've only seen it online, you haven't seen it vou've only seen a version of it. But that's legitimate. If you see it in a gallery, you walk in and it's part of a viewing environment - and there are props there - so it puts you in a vibration between being in the movie and watching it through a frame. But if you were to see it in a movie theatre you're watching it from beginning to end and you're thinking about the whole structure, themes, the plot arc, the scenes all the things we've been trained to understand. It becomes a cinematic sensation. I construct them with a beginning, a middle and an end so a movie theatre situation is best.



The Re'Search (Re'Search Wait'S), 2009-2010

JF: Oh. I didn't know they are screened in movie theatres...

RT: They're playing at the silent movie theatre here in LA for two days and I'm really excited about that. They can function in the movie theatre and I'd love to see them play in them more but it's hard. Especially because of the content: there isn't permission for all the content because I just don't know how that stuff works. Some movie theatres are like, 'There's a Disney font in there, do you have permission for that?'

JF: Yeah, I did notice a lot of Listerine. (Laughs)

RT: (Laughing) I know, there are products everywhere. But I think a lot of those laws have to change because products have a lot of cultural meaning now. I believe that strongly. I don't think a company should be allowed to use someone's persona to advertise anything without their permission - I think I understand why that is wrong - but I feel like with a product, you should be able to use that. That's just cultural content and that's language.

JF: How do you see your films changing with the development of technology?

RT: Well. I'm obviously going to make a 3D movie (laughs). I'd like to make a surround movie with multiple The state of the series of the screens that is an actual experience

JF: If you ever have anything for me in one of your films let me know because I'm game for anything.

RT: Okay. I definitely will.

JF: Great, thanks Ryan. Hope to see you very

RT: Yeah, thanks James. Bye.

Any Ever runs at MOCA Los Angeles until October 17. It then tours to three venues in 2011: MoMA/PS1 in New York. MOCA in north Miami and the Musée d'Art Moderne in Paris. Trecartin makes his London debut at the Frieze Art Fair from October 14 to 17 with screenings of Roamie View and Ready-two. His 2009 Trill-ogy Comp shows at the 2010 Liverpool Biennial running from September 18 to November 28

experience. I think that TV, movies, games and the internet will blend into one format that is instant.